UNITED S'	TATES	DISTR	ICT C	OURT
EASTERN	DISTR	ICT OF	NEW	YORK

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VINCENT BEST

10-cv-738 (ARR) (RML)

Petitioner,

NOT FOR PRINT OR

ELECTRONIC PUBLICATION

-against-

DUKE TERRELL, Warden, Metropolitan Detention Center, Brooklyn

ORDER

Respondent.

ROSS, United States District Judge:

Petitioner Vincent Best filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the United States

District Court of South Carolina seeking immediate release from the Federal Correctional

Institution ("FCI") Williamsburg in Salters, South Carolina. (Dkt. No. 1.) In essence, petitioner
claims that the Bureau of Prisons ("BOP") improperly calculated his sentence when he entered

BOP custody, in violation of an "oral sentence" of sixty months pronounced at sentencing by

Judge Robert Potter of the Western District of North Carolina. (Pet. at 2, Dkt. No. 1.) Petitioner
alleges he completed his sentence in January of 1999. (Pet. At 3, Dkt. No. 1.)

On February 18, 2010, the United States District Court for the District of South Carolina granted petitioner's motion for change of venue to this court since petitioner is currently incarcerated at Metropolitan Detention Center ("MDC") in Brooklyn. (Dkt. No. 40.) On February 16, 2010, petitioner submitted a Petition for Emergency Injunctive Relief to this court, stating that respondent now seeks to transfer petitioner to another district, "thereby denying

petitioner his legal rights to review." (Pet. for Emergency Injunctive Relief at 1.) For the reasons set forth below, the petition is denied.

DISCUSSION

Petitioner seeks to prevent BOP from effecting his transfer to another federal facility. It is well settled that a prisoner has no constitutional right to serve a sentence in any particular institution or to be transferred or not transferred from one facility to another. Olim v.

Wakinekona, 461 U.S. 238, 249-50 (1983); Meachum v. Fano, 427 U.S. 215, 224-25 (1976).

Decisions about where to house a particular inmate are committed to the discretion of the BOP, which is to consider factors enumerated in 18 U.S.C. § 3621(b). A district court "has no authority to order that a convicted defendant be confined in a particular facility . . . those decisions are within the sole discretion of the Bureau of Prisons." United States v. Williams, 65 F.3d 301, 307 (2d Cir. 1995). In fact, the BOP's discretion in making classification decisions is "virtually unfettered." Gissendanner v. Menifee, 975 F.Supp. 249, 251 (W.D.N.Y. 1997) (citation omitted). Thus, petitioner does not have a right to enjoin his relocation, and petitioner's confinement to any particular facility is within the sole discretion of the BOP.

Should petitioner be transferred by BOP such that venue for his underlying habeas petition is improper in this district, petitioner may move to transfer venue to the district of his incarceration.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above, Petitioner's request for injunctive relief is denied.

SO ORDERED.

Allyne R. Ross United States District Judge

Dated: February 22, 2010 Brooklyn, New York

Service List:

Petitioner (Pro Se):

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Cc: Magistrate Judge Levy